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(11)

EP 0 913 740 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
06.05.1999 Bulletin 1999/18

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: **G03G 15/08**

(21) Application number: **98120423.3**

(22) Date of filing: **28.10.1998**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
**AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU
MC NL PT SE**
Designated Extension States:
AL LT LV MK RO SI

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(30) Priority: **30.10.1997 JP 298426/97**

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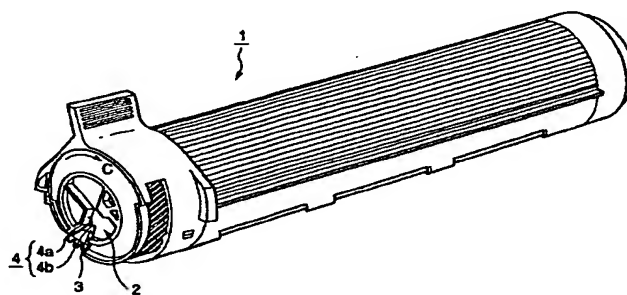
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(54) Developer cartridge and image forming apparatus

(57) A developer cartridge (1, 51) is used with an image forming apparatus (20, 50). The developer cartridge (1, 51) has a groove (3, 52) which is formed in a longitudinal end surface (2A) of thereof and extends in an insertion direction (A) of the cylinder. A strip-shaped projection (22, 62) formed in the image forming apparatus projects extends in the insertion direction (A). When the developer cartridge (1, 51) is fully inserted into the image forming apparatus, the groove (3, 52) receives the projection so that the projection is at a predetermined position relative to the developer cartridge (1, 51). Two first walls (3c, 3d, 52c, 52d) define the groove which is progressively wide as the circumference (3a) is approached. A second wall (4a, 54a) rises from the longitudinal end surface of the developer cartridge (1, 51) and is continuous with one of the two first opposed walls (3c, 3d, 52c, 52d). The second wall (4a, 54a) smoothly guides the projection (22, 62) into the groove.

FIG.1



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Description

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a developer cartridge which is cylindrical in shape and fits to a projection formed on a cartridge receiving section, thereby being received in an image forming apparatus.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

[0002] A developer cartridge is a consumable item which is loaded into an image forming apparatus and supplies toner to the image forming apparatus. Fig. 10A illustrates a conventional cylindrical developer cartridge when it is attached to the image forming apparatus. Fig. 10B is a fragmentary cross-sectional view of a cartridge receiving section.

[0003] A cylindrical developer cartridge 100 holds developer toner, not shown, therein, and supplies toner to an image forming apparatus when the developer cartridge 100 is loaded in a cartridge-receiving section of the image forming apparatus 200. The cartridge 100 is formed with a groove 100a in a longitudinal end surface thereof. A cartridge receiving section 200a has a tapered projection 200b.

[0004] When loading the cartridge 100 into the cartridge receiving section 200a, the cartridge 100 is descended in a direction shown by arrow A so that the projection 200b enters the groove 100a. The tapered shape of the projection 200b serves to properly guide the projection 200b into the groove 100a so that the cartridge 100 is smoothly received into the cartridge receiving section 200a.

[0005] The width of the groove 100a is only slightly greater than that of the projection 200b. Therefore, if the cartridge 100 is inserted into the cartridge receiving section with the groove 100a laterally offset from the projection 200b, the tapered shape of projection 200b is not effective enough in guiding the cartridge 100 into the cartridge receiving section 200a.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] An object of the invention is to provide a developer cartridge and an image forming apparatus where the developer cartridge can be loaded without difficulty.

[0007] A developer cartridge (1, 51) is used with an image forming apparatus. The cartridge (1, 51) is in the shape of a cylinder. The cylinder extends in a longitudinal direction and has a groove (3, 52) formed in a longitudinal end surface (2A, 51A) of the cylinder. The groove (3, 52) generally extends in an insertion direction of the cylinder in which the cartridge is inserted into the image forming apparatus, and receives a projection formed in the image forming apparatus when the cartridge is inserted into the image forming apparatus. The projection (22, 62) projects in the longitudinal direction

and extends in the insertion direction (A). The groove (3, 52) guides the projection (22, 62) to a predetermined position relative to the cartridge when the cartridge (1, 51) is fully inserted into the image forming apparatus. Two first walls define the groove (3, 52) therebetween so that the groove (3, 52) opens to a circumference of the cylinder. The first walls oppose each other and are at an angle with the insertion direction of the cartridge so that the groove is progressively wide with increasing distance from a center of the cylinder. A second wall (4a, 54a) rises from the longitudinal end surface of the cartridge and is continuous with one of the two first opposed walls.

[0008] The cartridge (1, 51) has a circumferentially curved wall. The projection (62) extends in the insertion direction and has a forward end and rearward end. The rearward end is substantially configured to the inner surface of the circumferentially curved wall.

[0009] The cartridge (1, 51) includes a third wall which rises from the longitudinal end surface and is continuous with said second wall. The third wall extending substantially parallel to the insertion direction and slidingly engaging the projection when the cartridge is fully inserted into the image forming apparatus.

[0010] The projection (22, 62) tapers at its forward half with decreasing distance from a center of the cylinder. The projection (22, 62) projects less with decreasing distance from a center of the cylinder.

[0011] The groove (3, 52) has a bottom surface beveled so that the groove is progressively deep with increasing distance from a center of the cylinder or as the circumference is approached.

[0012] Further scope of applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed description given hereinafter. However, it should be understood that the detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description given hereinbelow and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the present invention, and wherein:

Fig. 1 is an enlarged perspective view of a developer cartridge according to a first embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 is a general perspective view of an image forming apparatus according to the first embodiment;

Fig. 3A is an illustrative diagram showing a mounting construction of the developer cartridge of the

first embodiment;

Fig. 3B is a cross-sectional view of the mounting construction taken along lines K-K of Fig. 3A;

Figs. 4A-4B illustrate the loading operation of the developer cartridge of the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is an enlarged view of a developer cartridge according to a second embodiment;

Fig. 6 is an illustrative diagram with a partial cutaway view, showing the loading of the cartridge into an image forming apparatus;

Fig. 7A is a partial perspective view of a mounting construction according to a second embodiment;

Fig. 7B is a partial cross-sectional view of the mounting construction and the image forming apparatus according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 7C is an illustrative diagram showing a mounting construction of a developer cartridge according to the second embodiment;

Figs. 8A-8C are illustrative diagrams showing the procedure of loading the developer cartridge of the second embodiment;

Fig. 9 shows examples of drawbacks when an inappropriate developer cartridge is accidentally inserted into the image forming apparatus according to the second embodiment;

Fig. 10A illustrates a conventional developer cartridge when it is loaded into the image forming apparatus; and

Fig. 10B is a partial cross-sectional side view of the cartridge receiving section.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0014] The present invention will be described in detail with reference to the drawings.

First embodiment

[0015] Fig. 1 is an enlarged perspective view of a developer cartridge according to a first embodiment of the invention. Fig. 2 is a general perspective view of an image forming apparatus according to the first embodiment.

[0016] A developer cartridge 1 is generally in the form of a cylinder and holds developer toner, not shown. The developer cartridge 1 has a mounting construction 2 by which the developer cartridge 1 is loaded into an image forming apparatus 20 shown in Fig. 2. The mounting construction 2 is formed with a groove 3 in a longitudinal circular end surface 2A thereof, the groove 3 radially extending and opening to a circumferential edge 3a of the cylindrical developer cartridge 1. The image forming apparatus 20 has a cartridge receiving section 21 in which the developer cartridge 1 is received. The cartridge receiving section 21 has a strip-like projection which has an upwardly tapered tip.

[0017] The shape of the groove 3 will be described with reference to Figs. 3A-3B and 4A-4B. The groove 3

is defined by two opposing wall surfaces 3c and 3d and a beveled bottom 3a. One of the wall surfaces 3c and 3d is continuous with a guide wall 4 which rises from the longitudinal end surface 2A and has surfaces 4a and 4b. The surface 4b extends in a direction of insertion of the cartridge 1 while the surface 4a extends in such a direction as to widen the groove 3 with increasing distance away from the center of the end surface 2A. In other words, the groove 3 tapers toward the center of the end surface 2A so that the groove 3 is progressively narrow as the center of the circular longitudinal end surface 2A. The surface 4a makes an angle of $\theta 1$ with the direction of insertion A of the projection 22. The angle $\theta 1$ is preferably larger than a taper angle of the tip 22a of the projection 22a and less than the taper angle of the tip 22a plus 30 degrees.

[0018] After having been fully inserted into the cartridge receiving section, the cartridge 1 is rotated through a predetermined angle $\theta 2$ with the projection 22 engaging the longitudinal end surface 2A, thereby being completely loaded into the cartridge receiving section 20. The mounting construction 2 has a wall 5 which rises from the longitudinal end surface 2A and extends radially. The wall 5 has a stopper surface 5a which abuts the projection 22 to limit the rotation of the developing cartridge 1 when the cartridge 1 is rotated the predetermined rotation. The mounting construction 2 also has a circumferential wall 6 which tapers toward its free end near the groove 3. When the cartridge 1 has been completely received in the cartridge receiving section 20, the tip portion 22a of the projection 22 extends into a space between the surface 4b and the stopper surface 5a. A part of the groove 3 near the surface 4a is wider than the width W of the projection 22, so that there is a sufficient clearance between the projection 22 and the surface 4a for smooth advancement of the projection 22 into the space between the surface 4a and the stopper surface 5a.

[0019] The surface 4b extends over a distance longer than the width W of the projection 22. The distance is an experimentally determined value such that when the projection 22 has passed through the groove 3 into contact engagement with the longitudinal end surface 2A, the surface 4b engages the projection 22 to support the cartridge 1 in a stable position. The distance longer than the width W is necessary in order to support the projection 22 when the cartridge 1 is rotated with the projection 22 at the position shown in Fig. 3A.

[0020] The operation for loading the developer cartridge 1 according to the first embodiment into the cartridge receiving section 20 will be described with reference to Figs. 3A-3B and 4A-4B.

[0021] The user holds the developer cartridge 1 with the mounting construction 2 directly above the projection 22. Then, the cartridge 1 is descended in the insertion direction shown by arrow A. If the cartridge 1 is slightly laterally offset from the projection 22, then the surface 4a abuts the tip 22a of the projection 22. The

cartridge 1 is then guided by the tip 22a in such a way that the tip 22a advances toward the space between the surface 4b and the stopper surface 5a. At this time, the bottom 3a of the groove 3 is also helpful in guiding the cartridge 1. When the tip 22a enters the space between the surface 4b and the stopper surface 5a, the insertion of the cartridge is completed.

[0022] Then, the user rotates the developer cartridge 1 in a direction shown by arrow C in Fig. 3A. After having rotated through the predetermined angle θ_2 , the projection 22 abuts the stopper surface 5a to prevent the cartridge 1 from further rotation. This completes the loading operation of the cartridge 1.

[0023] When removing the developer cartridge 1 from the image forming apparatus, the above mentioned procedure can be performed in the reverse order.

Second embodiment

[0024] The developer cartridge according to a second embodiment has a surface that corrects the position of a developer cartridge when the developer cartridge is inserted with its position offset from the correct position.

[0025] The second embodiment will be described with reference to Figs. 5, 6, and 7A-7B.

[0026] A developer cartridge 50 holds developer toner, not shown, just as in the first embodiment. The cartridge 50 has a mounting construction 51 via which the cartridge 50 is loaded into the image forming apparatus 60. The mounting construction 51 has a groove 52 formed therein that extends radially outwardly and opens to the circumferential edge 52b of the mounting construction 51. The groove 52 has a beveled bottom 52a such that the groove 52 is progressively deep with respect to a longitudinal circular end surface 51A of the cartridge 50 as the circumference edge 52b.

[0027] The image forming apparatus 60 has a cartridge receiving section 61 similar to the cartridge receiving section 21 of the first embodiment. The cartridge receiving section 61 has a projection 62 (Fig. 8A) in place of the projection 22 of the first embodiment. The projection 62 differs from the projection 22 in that the projection 62 has a base 62b which has an arcuate end surface 62f. The base 62b has a width W' larger than the width W of the projection 62. The projection 62 and base 62b project from the cartridge receiving section 61 and has a beveled surface 62e substantially complementary with the surface 53a of an arcuate wall 53.

[0028] Fig. 7A is a fragmentary perspective view of the mounting construction 51.

[0029] Fig. 7B is a cross-sectional side view of the cartridge receiving section 61 and cartridge 50.

[0030] The groove 52 of the mounting construction 51 will be described with reference to Fig. 7A. The mounting construction 51 has a guide wall 54 which rises from the longitudinal end surface 51A and includes surfaces 54a, 54b, and 54c, and a stopper wall 55 which rises from the longitudinal end surface 51A. The surface 54c

and the surface 54a extend in directions substantially parallel to a direction of insertion shown by arrow A, but are offset from each other. The surface 54c extends a distance longer than the width W of the narrow projection 62 for the same reason as in the first embodiment. The surface 54b makes an angle α with the direction of insertion shown by arrow A of the cartridge in such a way that the surface 54b widens the groove 52 with increasing distance from the center of the circular longitudinal end surface 51A of the cartridge 50. In other words, the groove 52 tapers radially inwardly. The angle α is preferably the same as the angle θ_2 in the first embodiment. The circumferential wall 53 also rises from the end surface 51A and tapers toward its free end near the groove 52.

[0031] The cartridge 50 is placed in the cartridge receiving section 61 with the projection 62 fitting into the groove 52. Then, the cartridge is rotated in a direction shown by arrow C. This completes the loading of the cartridge 61. The arcuate surface 62f smoothly slides on the inner surface of the circumferential wall 53, allowing the cartridge 50 to rotate smoothly. When the cartridge 61 is rotated through a predetermined angle θ_2 , the stopper surface 55a abuts the projection 62 to prevent further rotation of the cartridge 50. The stopper surface 55a is configured to the contour or outline of the projection 62 and base 62b and therefore not flat so that the stopper surface 55a is complementary to the projection 62.

[0032] A space between the surface 54c and the stopper surface 55a is such that only the narrow projection 62 having a width W can loosely fit. The width of the groove 52 near the circumference of the cylindrical cartridge 50 is slightly larger than the width of the base 62b.

[0033] The rest of the construction is the same as that of the first embodiment and the description thereof is omitted.

[0034] Figs. 8A-8C are illustrative diagrams showing the procedure of loading the developer cartridge of the second embodiment.

[0035] The loading operation of the developer cartridge will be described with reference to Figs. 8A-8B and 9.

[0036] The user holds the cartridge 50 with the mounting construction 51 directly above the projection 62. Then, the cartridge is lowered in the direction shown by arrow A so that the projection 62 enters the groove 52. The beveled surface 62e cooperates with the beveled surface 52a of the cartridge 50 in such a way that one surface slides over the other for smooth insertion of the projection 62 into the groove 52. If the tip 62a of the projection 62 abuts the surface 54a or 54b, the surface corrects the insertion direction of the cartridge 50 projection 62 so that the cartridge 50 is properly guided by the projection 62. Thus, the tip 62a smoothly enters the space between the surface 54c and stopper surface 55a.

[0037] When the tip 62a enters the space between the

surface 54c and the stopper surface 55a and the base 62b abuts the surface 54b, the cartridge has been completely inserted as shown in Fig. 8B. The projection 62 is configured to the shape of the wall 54.

[0038] Then, the user rotates the cartridge 50 in a direction shown by arrow C just as in the first embodiment. After the cartridge has been rotated through a predetermined angle θ_2 , the stopper surface 55a abuts the projection 62, thereby limiting the a further rotation of the cartridge. This completes the loading of the cartridge.

[0039] When removing the developer cartridge 50 from the image forming apparatus, the above mentioned procedure can be performed in the reverse order.

[0040] Fig. 9 shows a drawback, by way of example, when an inappropriate developer cartridge is accidentally inserted into the image forming apparatus according to the second embodiment.

[0041] The second embodiment is advantageous in that if a user attempts to load a cartridge having a groove narrower than the groove 52, the cartridge abuts the base 62b, preventing the cartridge from being inserted any further. This construction effectively prevents the user from loading an inappropriate cartridge, protecting the user from poor print quality due to inadvertent use of inappropriate cartridge.

[0042] The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

Claims

1. A developer cartridge for use with an image forming apparatus, the developer cartridge having a body with an at least partially cylindrical portion, the partially cylindrical portion extending in a longitudinal direction and having a groove formed in a longitudinal end surface of the partially cylindrical portion, the groove receiving a strip-like projection formed on the image forming apparatus when the developer cartridge is inserted into the image forming apparatus, the projection extending in an insertion direction in which the developer cartridge is inserted into the image forming apparatus, the developer cartridge comprising:

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at least one first wall (3c, 52c) defining the groove (3) such that the groove opens to a circumference (3a, 52b) of the partially cylindrical portion (1, 51), said first wall being at an angle with the insertion direction of the developer cartridge (1, 51) so that the groove (3, 52) is progressively wide as the circumference (3a, 52b) is approached; and

a second wall (4a, 54a) rising from the longitudinal end surface (2A, 51A) of the developer cartridge and being continuous with said first wall (3c, 52c) so that said second wall extends in a same plane as said first wall.

2. The developer cartridge according to claim 1, wherein the developer cartridge has two first walls (3c+3d, 52c+52d) defining the groove (3), said two first walls opposing (3c+3d, 52c+52d) each other and at least one of said two first walls being at an angle with the insertion direction of the developer cartridge (1, 51).
3. The developer cartridge according to Claim 1 further including a third wall (4b, 54c) which is continuous with said second wall (4a, 54a) and rises from the longitudinal end surface (2A, 51A), said third wall (4b, 54c) extending substantially in the insertion direction so that said second wall is between the third wall and the circumference, the third wall slidably engaging the projection (22, 62) when the developer cartridge (1, 51) has been fully inserted into the image forming apparatus (20, 61).
4. The developer cartridge according to Claim 3 further including a fourth wall (54a) which is continuous to said second wall (54b) and extends substantially parallel to the insertion direction (A) so that said second wall is between the third wall and the circumference,
wherein said second wall (54b), the third wall (54c), and the fourth wall (54a) form a shape complementary to the projection (62).
5. The developer cartridge according to Claim 1, wherein the groove (3, 52) has a bottom surface (3b, 52a) which is beveled so that the groove (3, 52) is progressively deep as the circumference (3a, 52b) is approached.
6. The developer cartridge according to Claim 1, wherein said developer cartridge (51) has a circumferentially curved wall (53) which engages the projection so that rotation of the developer cartridge (51) is guided along the circumferentially curved wall (53) when the developer cartridge (51) is rotated relative to the image forming apparatus after the developer cartridge has been fully inserted into the image forming apparatus.
7. A developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction comprising a developer cartridge and a space for receiving the developer cartridge, wherein the developer cartridge comprises:

a body having an at least partially cylindrical portion, the partially cylindrical portion extend-

ing in a longitudinal direction and having a groove formed in a longitudinal end surface of the partially cylindrical portion;

at least one first wall (3c, 52c) defining the groove (3) such that the groove opens to a circumference (3a, 52b) of the partially cylindrical portion (1, 51), said first wall being at an angle with an insertion direction of the developer cartridge (1, 51) so that the groove (3, 52) is progressively wide as the circumference (3a, 52b) is approached, the insertion direction being a direction in which the developer cartridge is inserted into the image forming apparatus; and a second wall (4a, 54a) rising from the longitudinal end surface (2A, 51A) of the cylindrical portion and continuous with said first wall (3c, 52c) so that said second wall extends in a same plane as said first wall;

wherein the image forming apparatus comprises:

a projection (62) extending parallel to the insertion direction, said projection extending into the groove (3, 52) to place the developer cartridge (1, 51) in position when the developer cartridge (1, 51) is placed into the space (21), said projection including a forward section (62c) having a first width (W), a rearward section (62b) having a second width (W') wider than the first width (W), and an intermediate section (62d) having a width varying from the first width to the second width, said first, second, and third widths extending perpendicular to the insertion direction and parallel to the longitudinal end surface.

8. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to claim 7, wherein said developer cartridge has two first walls (3c+3d, 52c+52d) defining the groove (3), said two first walls opposing (3c+3d, 52c+52d) each other and at least one of said two first walls being at an angle with the insertion direction of the developer cartridge (1, 51).

9. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to Claim 7, wherein the forward section (62c) tapers away from the circumference, and said projection (22, 62) projects less from the image forming apparatus (21, 61) with increasing distance away from the circumference.

10. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to Claim 7, wherein the developer cartridge further includes:

a third wall (4b, 54c) which rises from the longitudinal end surface (2A, 51A) and is continuous with said second wall (4a, 54a), said third wall

(4b, 54c) extending substantially parallel to the insertion direction (A) so that said second wall is between the third wall and the circumference, said third wall (4b, 54c) slidably engaging said projection (22) when the developer cartridge (1, 51) has been fully inserted into the image forming apparatus (20, 61).

11. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to Claim 10 wherein the developer cartridge further includes:

a fourth wall (54a) continuous with said second wall (54b) and extending substantially parallel to the insertion direction (A) so that said fourth wall is between the second wall and the circumference, wherein said second wall (54b), third wall (54c), and fourth wall (54a) form a shape complementary to the projection (62).

12. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to Claim 7, wherein the groove (3, 52) has a bottom surface (3b, 52a) beveled so that the groove (3, 52) is progressively deep as the circumference (3a, 52b) is approached.

13. The developer cartridge/image forming apparatus construction according to Claim 17, wherein said developer cartridge (51) has a circumferentially curved wall (53) and the rearward section (62c) of the projection (62b) has a rearward end (62f) configured substantially to the inner surface (53a) of the circumferentially curved wall (53):

wherein the circumferentially curved wall (53) engages the rear end of the projection (62) so that rotation of the developer cartridge (51) is guided along the inner surface (53a) when the developer cartridge (51) is rotated relative to the image forming apparatus after the developer cartridge (51) has been fully inserted into the image forming apparatus.

FIG.1

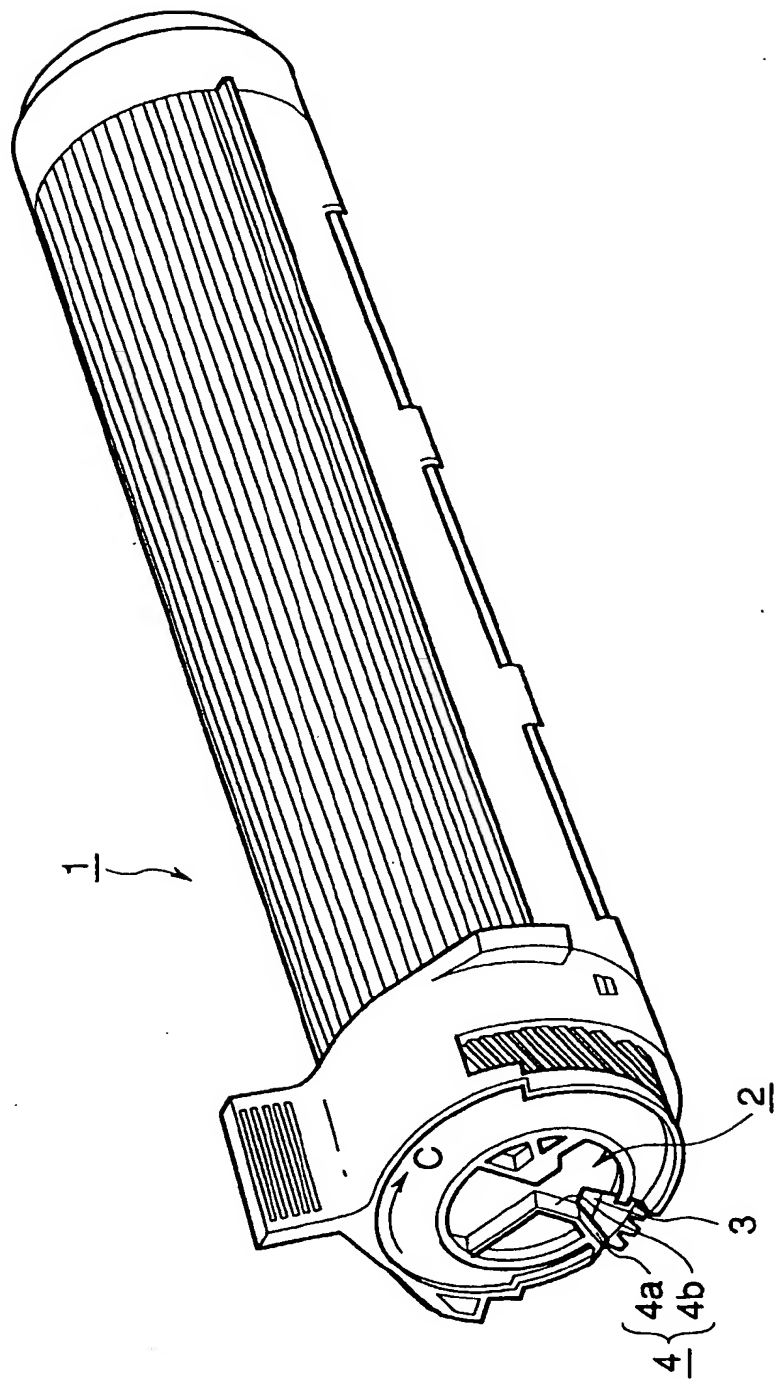


FIG.2

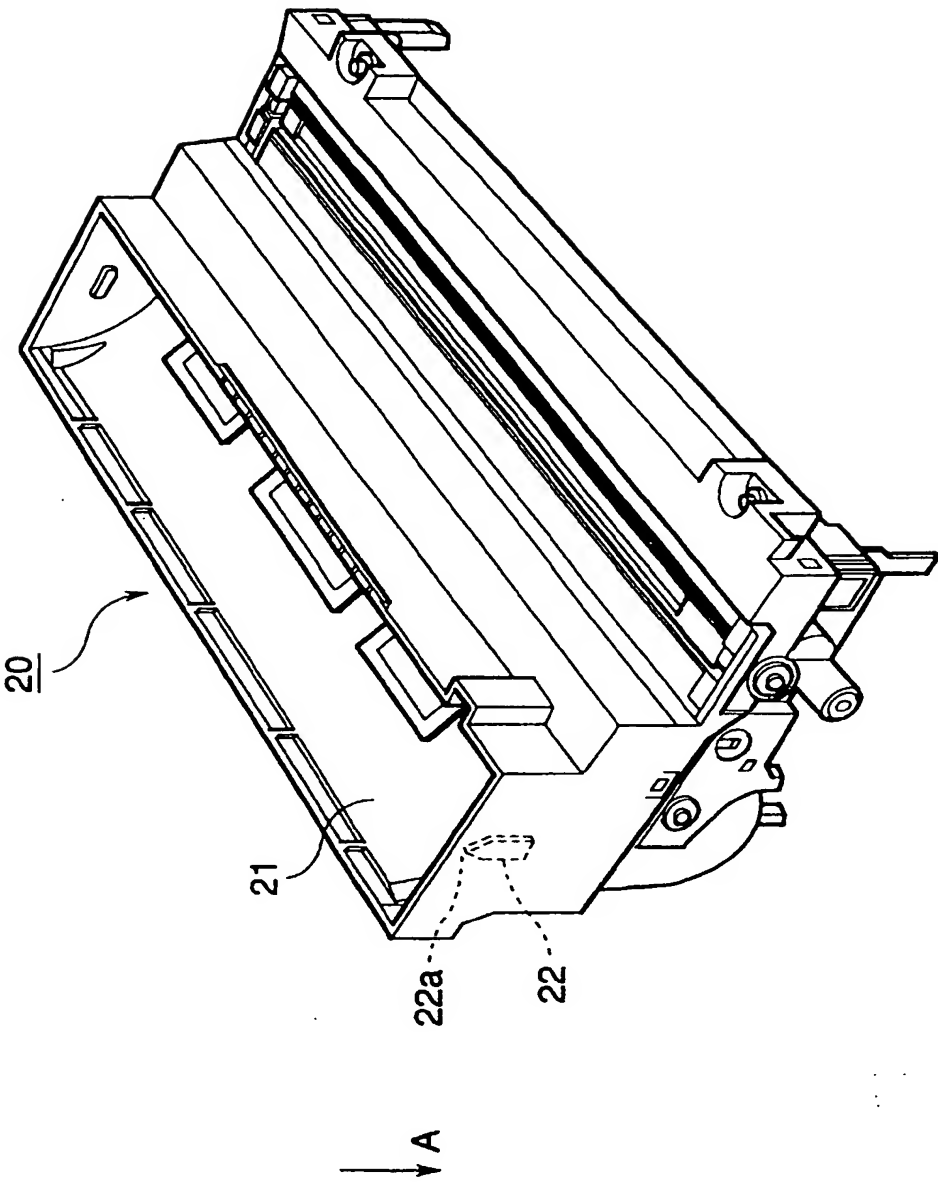


FIG.3A

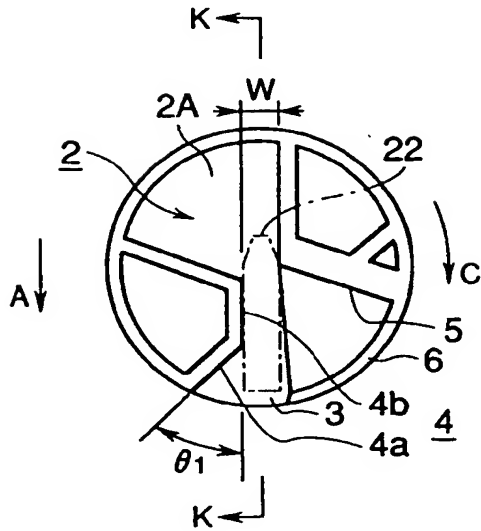


FIG.3B

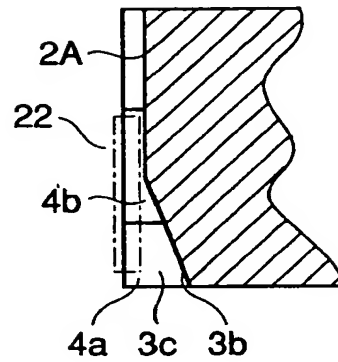


FIG.4A

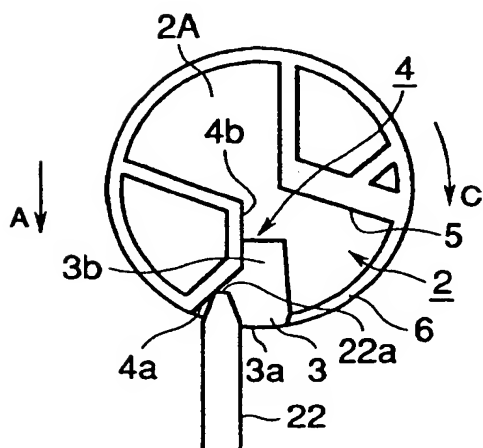


FIG.4B

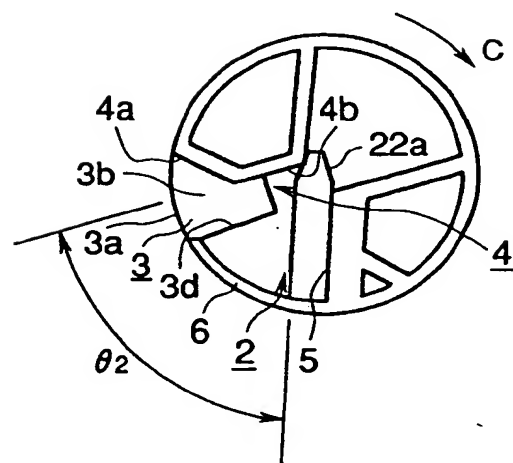


FIG.5

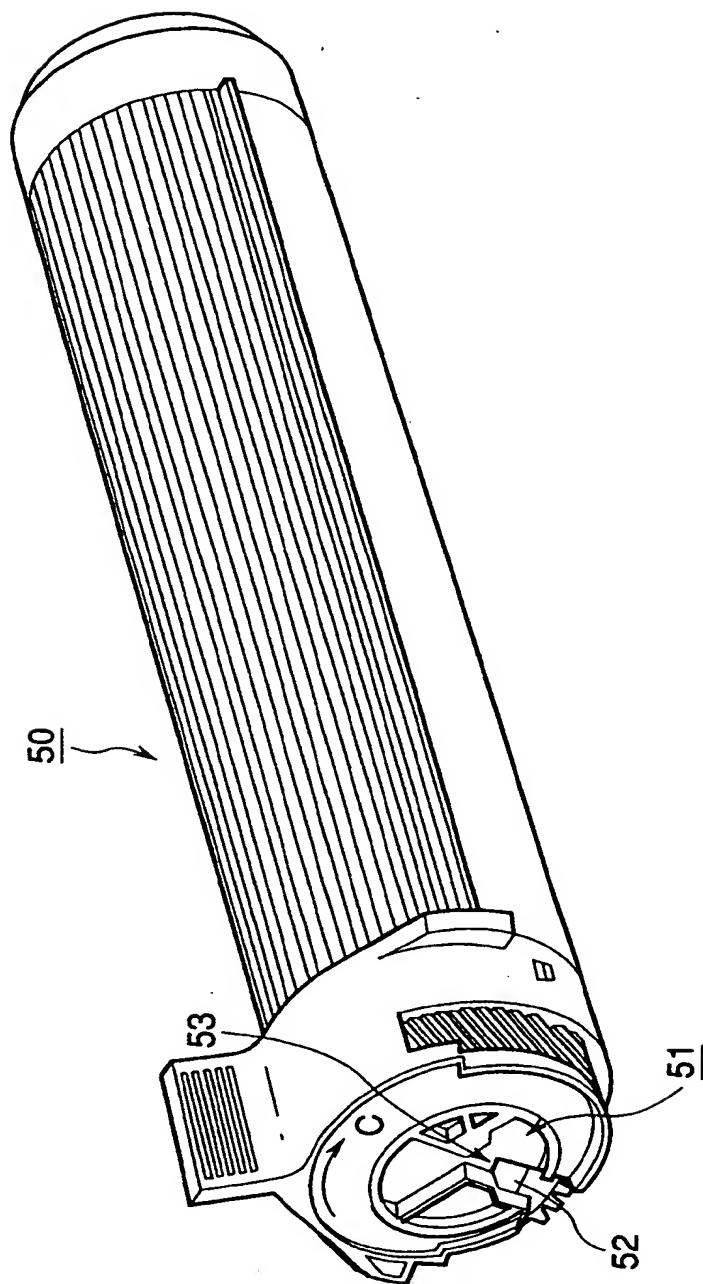


FIG.6

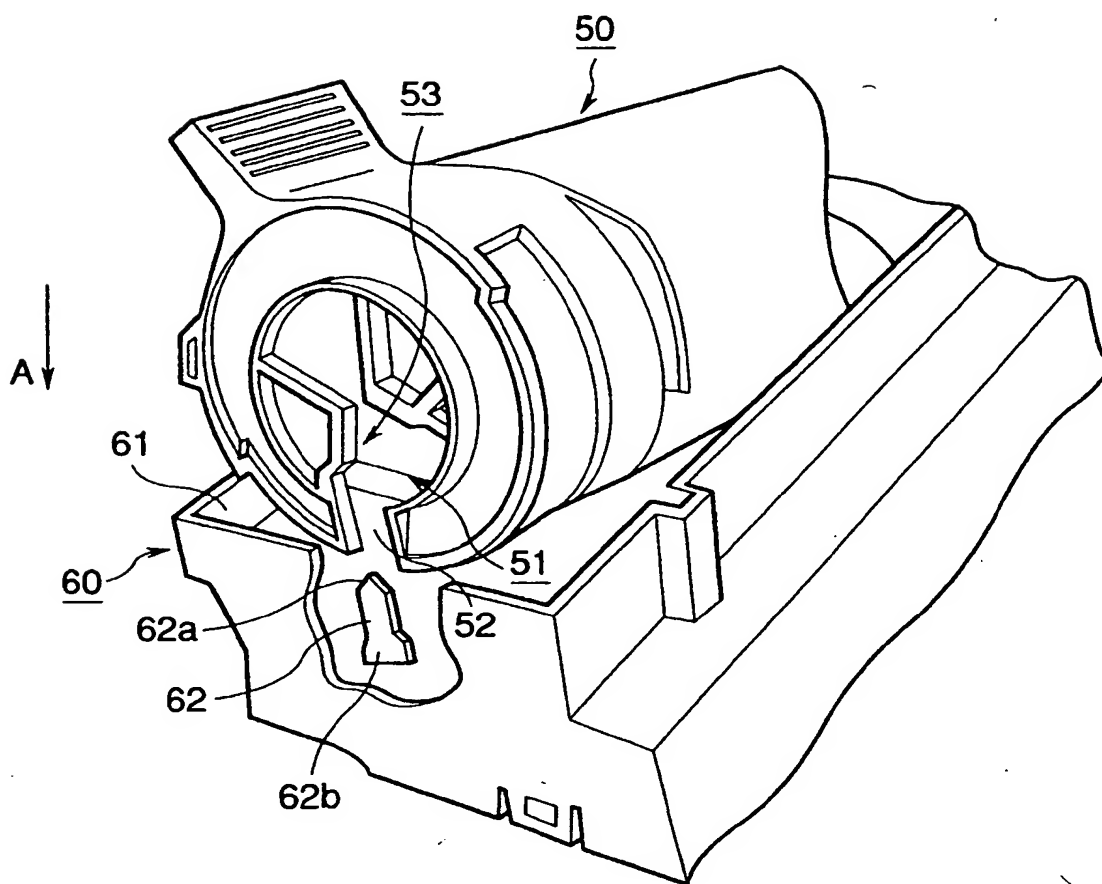


FIG.7A

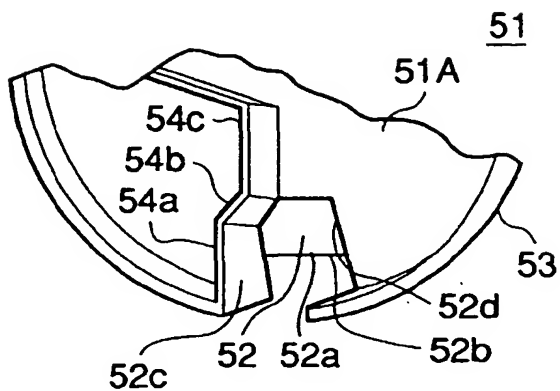


FIG.7B

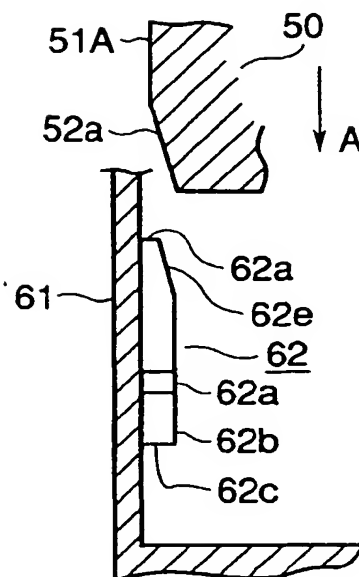


FIG.7C

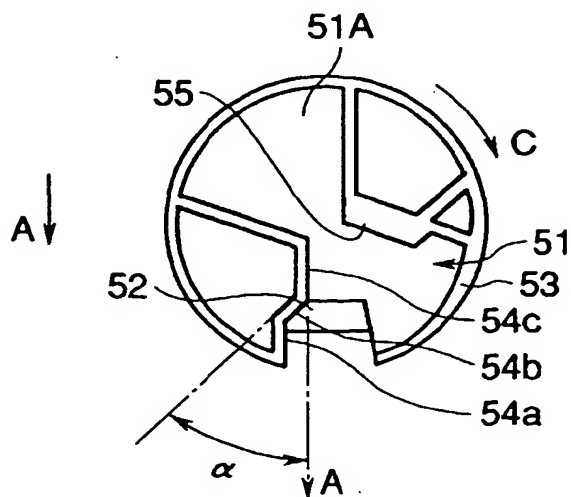


FIG.8A

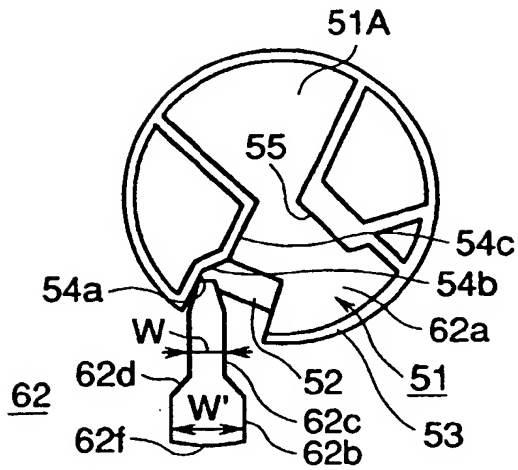


FIG.8B

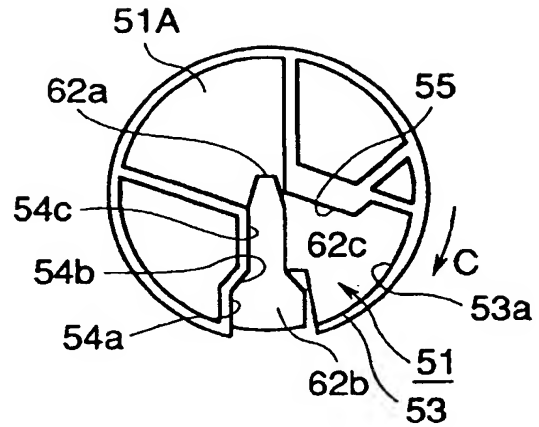


FIG.8C

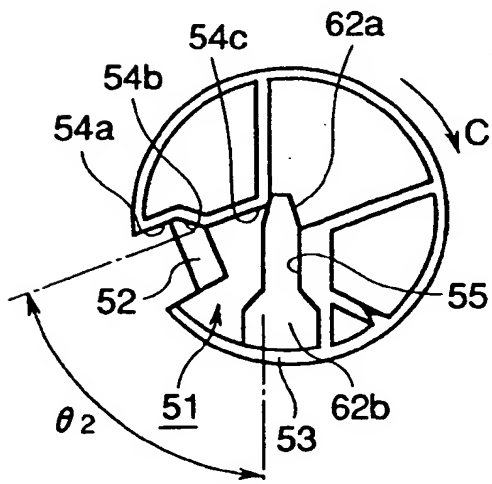


FIG.9

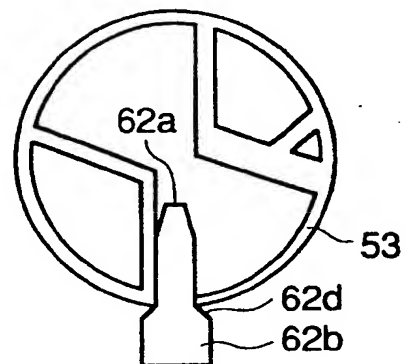


FIG.10A

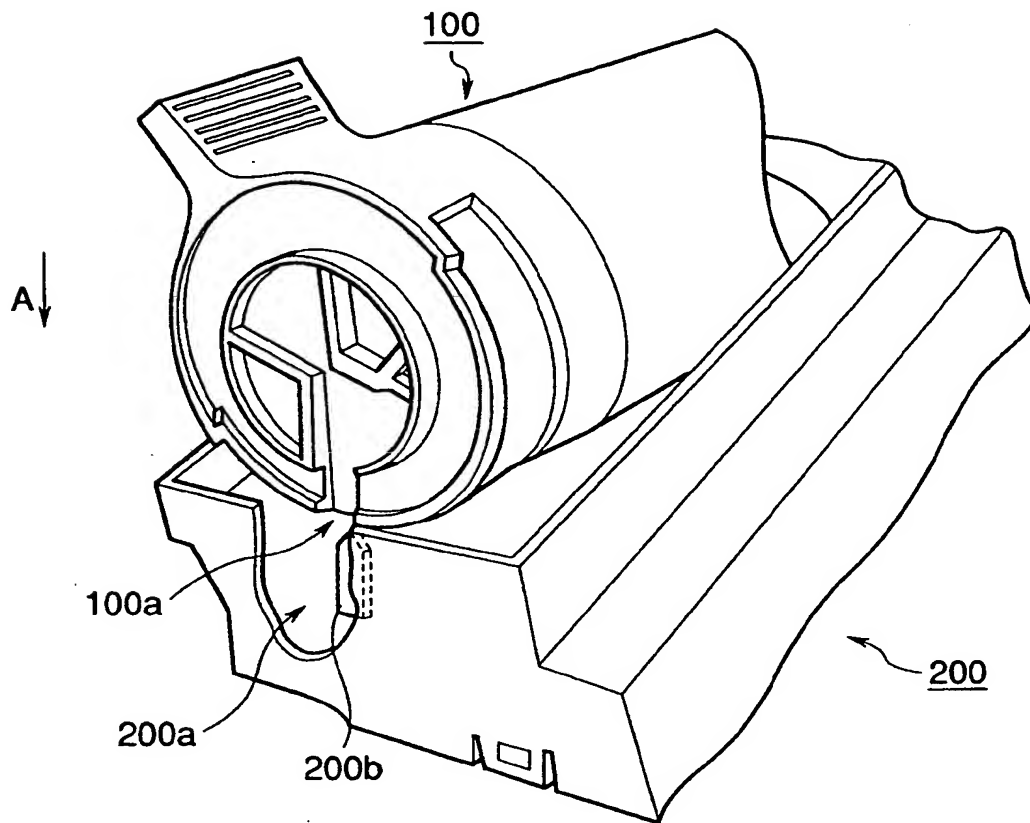
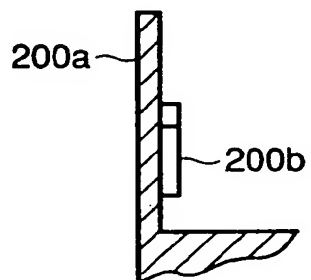


FIG.10B





(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(88) Date of publication A3:
12.04.2000 Bulletin 2000/15

(51) Int. Cl.⁷: **G03G 15/08**

(43) Date of publication A2:
06.05.1999 Bulletin 1999/18

(21) Application number: 98120423.3

(22) Date of filing: 28.10.1998

(84) Designated Contracting States:
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(30) Priority: 30.10.1997 JP 29842697

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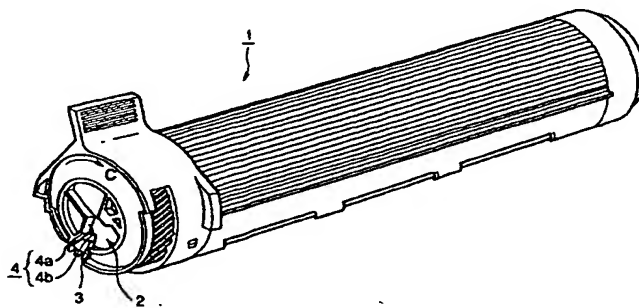
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(54) **Developer cartridge and image forming apparatus**

(57) A developer cartridge (1, 51) is used with an image forming apparatus (20, 50). The developer cartridge (1, 51) has a groove (3, 52) which formed in a longitudinal end surface (2A) of thereof and extends in an insertion direction (A) of the cylinder. A strip-shaped projection (22, 62) formed in the image forming apparatus projects extends in the insertion direction (A). When the developer cartridge (1, 51) is fully inserted into the image forming apparatus, the groove (3, 52) receives

the projection so that the projection is at a predetermined position relative to the developer cartridge (1, 51). Two first walls (3c, 3d, 52c, 52d) define the groove which is progressively wide as the circumference (3a) is approached. A second wall (4a, 54a) rises from the longitudinal end surface of the developer cartridge (1, 51) and is continuous with one of the two first opposed walls (3c, 3d, 52c, 52d). The second wall (4a, 54a) smoothly guides the projection (22, 62) into the groove.

FIG.1





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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 98 12 0423

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Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 23 February 2000	Examiner de Vries, A.
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

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